

Verb Tenses 1

KONU KAVRAMA TEST - 1

1. I ---- for my car keys all morning, but it so appears that they ----.

- A) am looking / vanish
- B) looked / were vanishing
- C) was looking / would vanish
- D) have been looking / have vanished
- E) have looked / are vanishing

2. Her daughter, who ---- blind, ---- her sight and hearing due to a very bad illness at the age of 3.

- A) is / lost
- B) was / has lost
- C) does / is losing
- D) was being / loses
- E) did / was losing

3. The kidneys are only about as big as a fist, but they are giants ---- it comes to their ability to work.

- A) and
- B) until
- C) before
- D) when
- E) during

4. House prices ---- steadily at the moment, so if you're thinking of buying, then sooner rather than later ---- the best.

- A) increase / has been
- B) are increasing / is
- C) increased / was
- D) would increase / would be
- E) used to increase / will be

5. Tomorrow I ---- my grandfather whom I ---- since I was seventeen years old.

- A) saw / don't see
- B) am seeing / haven't seen
- C) see / haven't been seeing
- D) have seen / didn't see
- E) was seeing / wouldn't see

6. ---- we left the station, our friends were waving to us until we were out of sight.

- A) As
- B) Before
- C) Till
- D) So
- E) During

7. Over the centuries Africans ---- a common language and have come to share a common culture.

- A) are developing
- B) would develop
- C) have developed
- D) were developing
- E) used to develop

8. I suppose Başak ---- out late last night, because she ---- all the way through her morning lessons.

- A) has stayed / has been yawning
- B) is staying / has yawned
- C) would stay / is yawning
- D) was staying / would yawn
- E) stayed / was yawning

9. Four years ago I ---- my position teaching history at a rural public college of technology.

- A) accepted
- B) have accepted
- C) have been accepting
- D) am accepting
- E) was accepted

10. The referee ---- Tuncay a red card for incident, although some fans ---- he didn't tackle the other player at all.

- A) gave / are claiming
- B) was giving / claimed
- C) has given / were claiming
- D) would give / have claimed
- E) is giving / have been claiming

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11. Although he ---- it at the time, his big mistake ---- the beginning of the end of his academic career.

- A) isn't realising / is
- B) doesn't realise / does
- C) hasn't realised / has
- D) didn't realize / was
- E) wouldn't realise / did

12. My father is very pleased that he ---- now ---- within walking distance of his new job.

- A) is / living
- B) has / lived
- C) was / living
- D) would / live
- E) used to / live

13. My youngest nephew ---- off a plum tree the other day; he ---- a pair of crutches to help him move about since then.

- A) has fallen / used
- B) fell / has been using
- C) would fall / is using
- D) used to fall / has used
- E) was falling / would use

14. I am amazed to see that this chair ---- soft now, because it was too tough yesterday.

- A) has felt
- B) is feeling
- C) feels
- D) has been feeling
- E) was feeling

15. None of my sisters ---- that I ---- enough ability to make a living of my own someday.

- A) is thinking / can possess
- B) thought / am possessing
- C) was thinking / have possessed
- D) has though / was possessed
- E) thinks / possess

16. She ---- the floor tiles as we ----, so hopefully the room will be finished by the time I get home.

- A) was lying / have spoken
- B) would lay / were speaking
- C) lays / are speaking
- D) has laid / are speaking
- E) is laying / speak

17. Did you play any other instruments ---- you started playing the guitar?

- A) during
- B) by the time
- C) before
- D) just like
- E) however

18. ---- do you think Mr. Smith has been living in this abandoned-looking house?

- A) Since when
- B) Whenever
- C) No matter
- D) As long as
- E) As far as

19. Lucie ---- four kilos since she began to go to the fitness centre.

- A) was losing
- B) would lose
- C) has lost
- D) is losing
- E) has been losing

20. When I ---- at the station, I ---- people going out of there hurriedly.

- A) arrived / saw
- B) used to arrive / see
- C) was arriving / have seen
- D) would arrive / was seeing
- E) am arriving / see

Causative

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 16

1. ---- him do some of the work; he has been watching TV all day.

- A) Tell
C) Allow
E) Show
B) Make
D) Ask

2. I think your car is in really bad condition; you ---- it ----.

- A) had better have / serviced
B) may get / to service
C) should make / having serviced
D) will be having / to be serviced
E) could force / service

3. As I had no car and missed the last bus, I had to get my friend ---- me to the airport.

- A) to drive
C) drive
E) having driven
B) driving
D) driven

4. I think you should ---- the coat ---- soon because the weather reports say that it is going to be cold next week.

- A) get / to clean
C) have / cleaned
E) get / to have cleaned
B) make / clean
D) force / to be cleaned

5. After the meeting, George wanted me ---- along with his ideas.

- A) to have gone
C) going
E) to be going
B) to go
D) having gone

6. My uncle has always wanted his perfect house and so he will ---- a house specially ----.

- A) let / be built
C) get / to build
E) make / build
B) have / built
D) offer / to be built

7. The teacher didn't like what we had done, therefore he made us ---- the whole exercise.

- A) to rewrite
C) rewrote
E) rewriting
B) rewrite
D) rewritten

8. My friend Tony's wife, a good teacher of English, got him ---- drinking.

- A) having stopped
C) stopped
E) stop
B) stopping
D) to stop

9. I've got nothing to wear, so I'll have the clothes ---- and ----.

- A) to be washed / to be ironed
C) washed / ironed
E) washing / ironing
B) to wash / to iron
D) wash / iron

10. During your wedding ceremony, I'll have everything ---- so you won't have to worry about anything.

- A) to do
C) done
E) to have done
B) having done
D) to be done

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Causative

11. I had my wallet---- when I was at the stadium.

- A) stolen
- B) stole
- C) to steal
- D) stealing
- E) having stolen

12. In our nursery school , the children have their teeth ---- every six months.

- A) check
- B) checking
- C) to check
- D) checked
- E) having checked

13. These knives have gone blunt and need sharpening; we should ---- them ----.

- A) get / to have sharpened
- B) have / sharpened
- C) make / to sharpen
- D) force / sharpening
- E) let / sharpen

14. Jack's parents should ---- him ---- because his grades are very poor.

- A) let / having studied
- B) make / study
- C) allow / to be studying
- D) force / to have studied
- E) get / studied

15. My piano was sounding really bad so I ---- it ---- yesterday.

- A) got / to tune
- B) made / tuning
- C) forced / to be tuned
- D) make / having tuned
- E) had / tuned

16. You should know very well that I don't like ---- my photograph ----.

- A) making / having taken
- B) being / taking
- C) getting / to take
- D) having / taken
- E) making / take

17. The other car was looking wrecked, so he advised me ---- a Renault.

- A) buy
- B) buying
- C) to buy
- D) to have bought
- E) having been bought

18. Julia has been having problems with the heating of her house, that's why she has just ---- central heating ---- in her house.

- A) made / install
- B) had / installed
- C) hired / to install
- D) got / to have installed
- E) forced / to install

19. I cannot put Mary through, as she is ---- her hair ---- now.

- A) making / cutting
- B) getting / to cut
- C) ordering / to be cut
- D) having / cut
- E) forcing / to have cut

20. According to our rules, people are not allowed ---- in the lecture hall.

- A) smoke
- B) smoking
- C) to smoke
- D) to have smoked
- E) having smoked

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Gerunds and Infinitives

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 35

1. ---- at the store which was opened by a famous businessman last Monday, I found that it was closed.

- A) To have arrived B) Arrived
C) Having been arriving D) Arriving
E) To arrive

2. The student ---- the highest grade point average will receive a special award.

- A) to be got B) having been got
C) getting D) got
E) has got

3. Serpil is depressed ---- making the big mistake that cost her job.

- A) on B) about
C) to D) with
E) for

4. My parents decided to go ---- shopping after hours of discussing what to buy.

- A) for B) on
C) to D) ----
E) at

5. I can't help your brother ---- a kite as I don't know how to do it myself.

- A) making B) make
C) to be made D) to have made
E) having made

6. Yesterday, while I was working in my office at home, I heard a window ---- and I was really frightened.

- A) broken B) being broken
C) to break D) to be broken
E) to have been broken

7. Yasin was very cold at the party held at the seaside last night, because he forgot ---- his coat.

- A) bringing B) having brought
C) to bring D) to be bringing
E) being brought

8. My friend Charlie avoids ---- anything from peddlers for they may take him in.

- A) to buy B) buying
C) having bought D) to have bought
E) to be buying

9. I am far too poor ---- shopping in department stores.

- A) to have gone B) going
C) to be going D) to go
E) having gone

10. I was alarmed ---- the teacher ---- me as I didn't do my homework.

- A) seeing / to approach
B) having seen / to be approaching
C) to see / approaching
D) to have seen / approached
E) to be seeing / having approached

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11. While we were passing over the river, we saw a building ---- by a team of engineers across the river.

- A) having demolished B) demolishing
C) to be demolished D) to have demolished
E) being demolished

12. His father was made ---- from his post by the manager after the pressure coming from the press.

- A) resign B) resigning
C) to resign D) having resigned
E) resigned

13. Selim, the most hardworking student of our class, was caught ---- a mini DVD player in a department store.

- A) to steal B) steal
C) having stolen D) stealing
E) being stolen

14. If you had done everything to stay in shape and if you hadn't seen any results, try ---- your own program and keep to it!

- A) devising B) to devise
C) having devised D) to have devised
E) to be devising

15. He got ---- to carry all those heavy bags and furthermore, he had ---- clean all the house.

- A) her / she B) them / their
C) him / him D) me / mine
E) our / us

16. Did you smell something ---- in the house?

- A) burn B) to burn
C) to have burnt D) burning
E) having burnt

17. It was wrong of you ---- too much shopping with your credit card knowing that you would pay it with great difficulty.

- A) doing B) having done
C) to have done D) being done
E) to do

18. Charlotte is addicted ---- chocolate cookies and vanilla ice cream.

- A) to eat B) eating
C) eaten D) to eating
E) being eaten

19. It was necessary ---- all of us ---- pay our taxes in time so that we can get more efficient service from the government.

- A) to / with B) of / to
C) as / by D) like / from
E) for / to

20. His plan ---- the leader of the department was spoiled by a new more powerful candidate.

- A) becoming B) to have become
C) having become D) became
E) to become

NETYds

NETYds

Mixed

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 63

1. He ---- the bus to work when he discovered he had a flat tyre and ---- in.

- A) took / hasn't cycled
- B) was taken / isn't cycling
- C) should take / didn't cycle
- D) had to take / couldn't cycle
- E) must be taking / wouldn't cycle

2. Adam ---- his money for some time and felt he was ready for a change.

- A) was saving
- B) has saved
- C) had been saving
- D) has been saving
- E) must have been saved

3. Many people have attempted to circumnavigate the world, but only ---- have succeeded.

- A) a few
- B) many
- C) much
- D) all
- E) a lot of

4. The country exports tonnes of olive oil ---- year, which makes it one of it's most important products.

- A) most
- B) several
- C) each
- D) no
- E) both

5. He derived a lot of pleasure from teaching children from poor families, ---- really enjoyed learning.

- A) that
- B) whom
- C) who
- D) which
- E) by whom

6. ---- there is a power failure, the caretaker will go from door to door handing out candles.

- A) In the event that
- B) As long as
- C) Even if
- D) In case of
- E) Whether

7. Pleasant ---- it was, I found the cool spring air to be a bit chilly.

- A) than
- B) so
- C) enough
- D) that
- E) as

8. The Church of Scientology is an organization ---- members include John Travolta and Isaac Hayes.

- A) of which
- B) whose
- C) that
- D) where
- E) ----

9. I suppose you think I went ---- when I yelled at the repairman, but he did break our television.

- A) so much
- B) thus far
- C) too far
- D) as much as
- E) very much

10. I don't think you have ever been to Cappadocia before, ----?

- A) do I
- B) are you
- C) will you
- D) have you
- E) haven't you

NETYds

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11. If James ---- an emergency operation to replace his kidney, he ---- sitting with us now.

- A) didn't undergo / wouldn't be
- B) wouldn't undergo / would be
- C) doesn't undergo / won't be
- D) won't undergo / wouldn't have been
- E) hadn't undergone / wouldn't be

12. The ozone layer, which ---- about 20 to 25 km above the Earth's surface, is currently the subject of much debate.

- A) lied
- B) to lie
- C) being lied
- D) lies
- E) be lied

13. I was very impressed with the restaurant and ---- that all the food ---- delicious and well presented.

- A) think / would be
- B) thought / was
- C) had thought / had been
- D) would think / is
- E) have thought / will be

14. I have ---- in common with many of my friends ---- with any of my brothers, so I prefer to spend time away from home.

- A) less / that
- B) as / as
- C) more / than
- D) such / that
- E) so / as

15. She was talking on the phone with one hand, and trying to wipe the window with ----.

- A) the other
- B) another
- C) each other
- D) one another
- E) other

16. During his time in the army he ---- many of his friends ---- on the battle field.

- A) has witnessed / die
- B) witnessed / dying
- C) would witness / to die
- D) used to witness / to have died
- E) had witnessed / died

17. Years ---- the Internet, people used to send long distance messages by telegraph.

- A) during
- B) while
- C) before
- D) when
- E) ago

18. He ---- her the good news over the phone, but face to face, as they ---- for this promotion for six months.

- A) couldn't tell / were waiting
- B) wasn't told / have been waiting
- C) shouldn't tell / are to be waiting
- D) can't have told / must be waiting
- E) didn't want to tell / had been waiting

19. I find that he explains ---- grammar points ---- than most of the other teachers at this school.

- A) all / as well
- B) much / well
- C) most / the best
- D) some / so well
- E) many / better

20. The earth ---- into two hemispheres by an imaginary line ---- around its centre, called the equator.

- A) has been divided / run
- B) is divided / running
- C) was divided / to run
- D) had divided / to be run
- E) divided / having run

Sentence Completion

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ -73

1. ----, so she must have misunderstood the purpose of our visit to her.

- A) Our landlady kept talking about why she wouldn't lower the rent
- B) I'm sure Susan visited us for a totally different reason
- C) Though we were reluctant to mention the reason for our divorce
- D) Her parents can't have taken her seriously enough
- E) Unless one of you were ready to take action first

NETYds

4. ----, she would have been earning more money by now.

- A) Because his sister is too incompetent for us to employ her
- B) Lisa must have been given another serious warning last week
- C) If she had got the well-paid job I recommended to her last year
- D) When the boss put her salary up a couple of days ago
- E) If your mother takes my advice of finding a better job seriously enough

2. You needn't have bothered to prepare such a lot of food, ----.

- A) though you were obstinate enough not to cook
- B) now that the gathering has been cancelled
- C) as the party is just about to begin
- D) the journey will have to be postponed to another week
- E) that is why all of what you cooked has gone off

NETYds

5. As soon as he has received the results, ----.

- A) he will be sharing all of it with us
- B) his parents weren't sure how they would be
- C) they were too shocking for him to talk further
- D) he had to pay a good deal of money for them
- E) he can see the seriousness of the situation for himself

3. However many times I told my son to stay away from Linda, ----.

- A) she simply wouldn't listen to me
- B) that she wasn't a perfect partner for him at all
- C) because I know that they will be very happy together
- D) as soon as they have decided on the date of their wedding
- E) he wasn't obedient enough to me and so began dating her last month

6. ----, we decided to remain on Horatio's balcony until the fair was over.

- A) So that we don't have anywhere else to go tonight
- B) Before I get the chance to watch what is going on
- C) Having seen the huge crowd of people moving through the street fair
- D) Making us aware of the thing that we are
- E) Because it finished nearly ten minutes ago

Restatements

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 81

1. I was very sorry to hear that she had been dismissed, but she seemed as if she didn't care.

- A) When she was dismissed she didn't care that I was feeling sorry.
- B) If I had been dismissed I would have been more sorry than she is.
- C) She didn't care that I was sorry for her dismissal.
- D) Although she was the one who was dismissed, I was the one to feel sorry.
- E) After she was dismissed I felt very sorry, but then when I saw her I cared no more.

3. That he was in pain could be told from the way he was walking.

- A) The way he was walking was so painful that he said he was really suffering.
- B) He was walking in such a way that it was giving him pain.
- C) When he walked, it was obvious he was suffering.
- D) That he was walking with a limp made it obvious that he was in pain.
- E) He told us that he was suffering from pain while he was walking.

NETYds

4. Where he has hidden the money must be what they are about to discover.

- A) It is very probable that they are on the point of finding out where he has put the money.
- B) It seems highly likely that he has put the money where they think he normally does.
- C) It seems possible that what they are looking for is the money he has concealed.
- D) I think they are searching for the place where he has hidden his money.
- E) I'm sure they are close to finding out the place where he puts the money.

NETYds

2. Children speak without being taught and only later learn to write with instruction.

- A) To speak, children don't have to be taught, unlike writing, which comes later.
- B) Children don't know how to write what they speak until one teaches them how to do so.
- C) When children speak they don't think about how to write those things later.
- D) Writing is more difficult than speaking because it has to be taught.
- E) Children are easy to teach writing only after they learn how to speak.

5. Manrico and his mother Azucena, sentenced to die, wait for their punishment in a tower.

- A) Manrico and Azucena wait for their dying mother in a tower.
- B) In a tower, Azucena and her son wait for their death sentence to be carried out.
- C) Manrico waits with his mother, who is sentenced to die, in a tower.
- D) Manrico and Azucena are going to be killed in a tower.
- E) Azucena and her son wait in a tower to sentence criminals to death.

Cloze Test

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 65

In the United States, goods and services are distributed **(1)** ---- wealth. The people with the most money get the most goods and services. **(2)** ---- this may be a/an **(3)** ---- way of deciding who gets what, it is not necessarily a fair way. People with the most money may not be the most deserving or the ones with the greatest need. **(4)** ---- do they necessarily work the hardest. Some people who work very hard earn a small income. Although some wealthy people have worked hard to get their money, others have **(5)** ---- much of it.

People have enjoyed making and flying kites for **(6)** ---- 2,000 years. It is fun to watch a kite lift in the breeze and rise **(7)** ---- it is just a tiny bit of colour in the sky. The word "kite" is the name of a bird of the hawk family, **(8)** ---- its grace in the air. A kite may be a simple arrangement of two sticks, crossed and covered with paper or cloth and flown at the end of a string, also known as a flying line. Or the kite **(9)** ---- a more **(10)** ---- shape, such as a box or a pyramid. Kites may be made of paper, light plastic, or cloth. Sticks may be made of wood, plastic, or fibreglass.

NETYds

1. **A)** by command **B)** in case of
C) on account of **D)** under the pretext of
E) on the basis of

6. **A)** at least **B)** out of order
C) on loan **D)** in tune
E) for ages

2. **A)** When **B)** Because
C) Until **D)** During
E) While

7. **A)** when **B)** for
C) barely **D)** while
E) until

3. **A)** efficient **B)** competent
C) bungling **D)** clumsy
E) inelegant

NETYds

8. **A)** known for **B)** made over
C) borne out **D)** account for
E) depended on

4. **A)** So **B)** Too
C) Nor **D)** Even
E) Yet

9. **A)** would be **B)** must have been
C) was **D)** may be
E) had been

5. **A)** reduced **B)** inherited
C) debased **D)** embarked
E) realized

10. **A)** refined **B)** elaborate
C) posh **D)** discounted
E) despicable

Reading Passages

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 1

When we dream we are often extremely ignorant that we are dreaming. Given this, and the fact that dreams often seem as vivid and "realistic" as real life, how can you rule out the possibility that you might be dreaming even now, as you sit at your desk and read this? This is the kind of confusing thought Descartes forces us to keep in mind. It seems we have no justification for the belief that we are not dreaming. If so, then it seems we similarly have no justification in thinking that the world we experience is the real world. Indeed, it becomes questionable whether we are justified in thinking that any of our beliefs are true.

1. It is stated in the passage that we can't justify the fact that we are living in the real world since ----.

- A) we cannot prove that we are not having a dream
- B) we don't believe in dreams
- C) there is no other reality that we know
- D) the concept of reality is relative
- E) the world is becoming a worse place each day

2. One can conclude from the passage that the writer thinks, ----.

- A) the world we experience is the real world
- B) Descartes was the greatest philosopher of all times
- C) due to these arguments all of our beliefs are questionable
- D) justifying things isn't necessary as long as we believe them
- E) no one else understood the nature of dreams better than Descartes

3. According to the writer, you cannot know whether you are dreaming or not for sure because ----.

- A) the vivid and realistic quality of dreams are not recognized as reality by our brain
- B) people believe that what they dream can actually come true
- C) dreams never reflect reality
- D) occasionally, dreams feel as real as life
- E) from time to time real life can be as beautiful as a dream

Once or twice, in the mountains, Archer had pointed southward and said: "There's Italy"; and May, her feet in a gentian-bed, had smiled cheerfully, and replied: "It would be lovely to go there next winter, if only you didn't have to be in New York." But in reality, travelling interested her even less than he had expected. She regarded it as merely an enlarged opportunity for walking, riding, and, swimming; and when they finally got back to London, she no longer hid the eagerness with which she looked forward to sailing. In London, nothing interested her but the theatres and the shops; and she found the theatres less exciting than the Paris cafes.

4. We learn from the passage that Archer ----.

- A) knew that May likes travelling a lot
- B) wants to travel to Italy
- C) regretted going to Paris with May
- D) didn't expect May to be capable of doing many sports
- E) isn't going to New York

5. One understands from the passage that in London, ----.

- A) May insisted on going back to Paris
- B) it was only theatres and shops that attracted May's attention
- C) they spent their time sitting in cafés
- D) they spent the most enjoyable time of their journey
- E) May had to travel alone because Archer had to go back to New York

6. It is clear from the passage that May ----.

- A) really wants to go to Italy
- B) likes travelling more than Archer does
- C) doesn't regard travelling very highly
- D) likes London more than Paris
- E) prefers shopping to any other activity

Paragraph Completion

READING

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 9

5. A comet is an object that travels around the sun leaving a bright tail behind. For more than two thousand years, the return of Halley's Comet has been observed and recorded on Earth every 76 years.---- . One spacecraft went within a few hundred kilometres of the nucleus.

- A) Its 1986 visit, however, was the first time that humans took a close look at its nucleus
- B) Scientists discovered that the comet was losing about ten metres of material from its surface
- C) Every orbit, suggesting a lifetime of about only 1,000 orbits-in about 100,000 years ,will disappear
- D) Two Soviet crafts came within 10.000 km of the nucleus in March
- E) The European Space Agency's space probe passed within 600 km of Halley's Comet on March 14th

NETYds

7. Inexpensive, simple to operate, and offering its user a personal type of communication that cannot be obtained through the written word, the telephone has become the most widely used telecommunications device. --- . Each business day almost two billion telephone transmissions take place in the United States alone.

- A) Cordless telephones represent a return to individual power sources
- B) The dialer is used to entering the number of the party that he or she wishes to call
- C) The traditional rotary dialer was invented in the 1890s
- D) The traditional mechanical ringer was introduced with the early Bell telephones
- E) Hundreds of millions of telephone sets are in use throughout the world

8. The anaconda can eat a whole pig or a whole deer at one sitting. ----. Therefore this snake can survive for months without food.

- A) Such a big meal lasts for a long time
- B) The yellow anaconda inhabits southern Amazon watercourses
- C) Their number and size depend on the size of the mother
- D) The head and tail are small for the bulky body
- E) It can live in very cold climates

NETYds

6. When Wilbur and Orville Wright mastered the secret of flight, they did not try to imitate the flight of birds but they built a machine for flying. ----. An airplane is heavier than air and yet it flies. It does this by pushing itself through the air and by supporting itself on wings so shaped that the air flowing over them gives them lift.

- A) However, they owe much to studying the anatomy of birds and humans
- B) Since that time people have always dreamt flying
- C) Many other methods of flying were developed afterwards like the airplane
- D) Indeed, their experiment failed because they tried flying liked the birds did
- E) That is exactly what an airplane is, a flying machine

Maximise

Maximise

9. A carnival is a travelling entertainment combining the features of both a circus and an amusement park. ----.

- A) By the mid-20th century, civic theatres were an important part of cultural centres
- B) Brecht's epic theatre was in direct contrast to that encouraged by the Russian director Konstantin Stanislavsky
- C) Epic theatre is now most often associated with the dramatic theory and practice evolved
- D) Carnivals travelled from town to town, bringing with them a few days of high excitement
- E) From which they moved to Dorset Garden, finally settling at Covent Garden in 1732

Odd-One-Out

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 17

1. (I) Billy Crystal was born on 14 March 1947, on Long Island, New York. (II) Over the last two decades, Billy Crystal has enjoyed many a screen triumph. (III) His mother, Helen, was a homemaker, and his father, Jack, a concert promoter. (IV) There were two brothers - Joel and Richard. (V) Some of Billy's lifelong interests were formed early.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

2. (I) Virtual images are made by rays that do not actually come from where the image seems to be. (II) As a means of visual communication and expression, photography has marked aesthetic capabilities. (III) In order to understand them, the characteristics of the process itself must first be understood. (IV) Of these the first is immediacy. (V) Usually, but not necessarily, the image that is recorded is formed by a lens in a camera.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

3. (I) Archaeology is the scientific study of the material remains of past human life and activities. (II) These include old objects of human objects from the very earliest stone tools to the man-made objects that are buried or thrown away in the present day. (III) Archaeological investigations are a principal source of knowledge of prehistoric, ancient, and extinct culture. (IV) Fossils are evaluated by the techniques of physical anthropology, comparative anatomy, and the theory of evolution. (V) The word comes from the Greek *archaia* and *logos*.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

4. (I) Art criticism is the analysis and evaluation of works of art. (II) Like all these examples, the Western tradition has a set of evaluative criteria. (III) More subtly, art criticism is often tied to theory. (IV) It is interpretive, involving the effort to understand a particular work of art from a theoretical perspective and to establish its significance in the history of art. (V) Many cultures have strong traditions of art evaluation.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

5. (I) Hunting is a sport that involves the seeking, pursuing, and killing of wild animals and birds, called game and game birds. (II) Fishing is one of the oldest employments of humankind. (III) In Great Britain and western Europe, hunting is the term employed for the taking of wild animals with the aid of hounds that hunt by scent. (IV) In the United States and elsewhere the term hunting is used for both hunting and shooting. (V) In fox hunting, the kill is made by the hounds.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

6. (I) The North American Indians wore mainly skins of the animals living in their area. (II) They call themselves Amazigh, the proud raiders. (III) But most people know them as Berbers. (IV) For millennia, the Berbers of North Africa fought against Roman, Arab and French invaders. (V) And, despite a history of colonisation, they have managed to preserve their language and culture, and have defended their land.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

NETYds

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Vocabulary in General

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 9

1. One of the ---- of advertising is to create a unique image for your company.

- A) requirements
- B) entrances
- C) definitions
- D) functions
- E) kinships

2. Due to the heavy fog, he changed his mind and took a taxi home as the way was ---- visible.

- A) rather
- B) randomly
- C) poorly
- D) rarely
- E) colourlessly

3. He struggled ---- to get a visa to go abroad and finally got it after three weeks.

- A) legibly
- B) legally
- C) ignorantly
- D) undoubtedly
- E) continually

4. ---- he did, he could not get her out of his mind.

- A) Whatever
- B) However
- C) The fact that
- D) Though
- E) Whether

5. I must say that I'm ---- astonished at the amount of work you have done over the last few days.

- A) erratically
- B) absolutely
- C) humanely
- D) conclusively
- E) horrendously

6. She used cognitive therapy on her ---- to try to bring out memories that he had repressed.

- A) rabbit
- B) past
- C) experience
- D) defender
- E) patient

7. There was no ---- between the first and the second half of the conference; therefore no one seemed to understand it.

- A) trust
- B) instrument
- C) relation
- D) situation
- E) gradation

8. She has a staff of four who always make a/an ---- decision.

- A) irresponsible
- B) collective
- C) partial
- D) indecisive
- E) lucky

9. The student stated that he was ---- of the rule against cheating, but the principal expelled him anyway.

- A) ignorant
- B) credible
- C) patient
- D) obsessed
- E) locked

10. She begged her family to help her as she was suffering from depression, but none of the members took her ----.

- A) fairly
- B) lazily
- C) incredibly
- D) hardly
- E) seriously

NETYds

NETYds

Prepositions

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 19

1. Our flight ---- Brazil was very bumpy owing ---- the bad weather.

- A) in / of
B) to / to
C) for / on
D) at / in
E) with / at

6. It was hard to believe that I was living ---- a criminal mastermind ---- the police told me about him.

- A) next to / until
B) with / if
C) for / by
D) without / for
E) above / since

2. Most computer software becomes corrupt when it is infected ---- a virus.

- A) with
B) from
C) at
D) in
E) upon

NETYds

7. The stadium was crowded ---- football supporters, all ---- whom were waiting to see the cup final.

- A) by / about
B) for / into
C) aside / from
D) with / of
E) about / off

3. When the man crashed his car ---- a tree, it proved to be very costly ---- him.

- A) with / against
B) for / at
C) into / for
D) under / off
E) from / beside

8. The piece of evidence found ---- the crime scene was very crucial ---- the police investigation.

- A) on / for
B) at / to
C) by / off
D) of / into
E) out of / about

4. Using natural gas is more cost-effective than using electricity ---- your heating.

- A) with
B) on
C) for
D) at
E) by

NETYds

9. Thanks ---- many biologists, such crippling diseases ---- polio are now curable.

- A) for / like
B) by / at
C) to / as
D) on / from
E) about / with

5. Lifeguards, who are known ---- saving a considerable number ---- people's lives every year, are supposed to be very courageous.

- A) as / by
B) like / with
C) to / in
D) by / for
E) for / of

10. Did you see the young lady ---- the queue ---- curly hair?

- A) at / in
B) for / about
C) on / without
D) by / within
E) in the front of / with

Phrasal Verbs

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 14

1. I am not sure you two are ready to get married;, maybe, you should ---- it ---- before you tell your families.

- A) take / down B) show / up
C) slow / down D) speak / for
E) think / over

2. When I saw the coupons for free movie tickets in the newspaper, I immediately ---- them ----.

- A) switched / on B) took / down
C) tore / up D) cut / out
E) tipped / off

3. While the archaeologists were exploring the region north of Tikal, they ---- a new temple complex hidden in the dense jungle.

- A) came across B) ran down
C) picked up D) left out
E) checked in

4. I can't believe how cheap it is to fly to New York right now; it's like they're ---- the tickets ----.

- A) counting / on B) dropping / off
C) giving / away D) putting / down
E) waving / off

5. Selin ---- with a terrible case of food poisoning after she ate the fish at that restaurant; I suggest we find another place to eat tonight.

- A) brought down B) slowed down
C) turned down D) came down
E) stepped down

6. Unfortunately, I wasn't able to ---- the news while I was away on holiday.

- A) put up with B) look forward to
C) keep up with D) make up for
E) set out on

7. He really needs to take a short break and ---- all the stress at work.

- A) make off with B) take up with
C) get out of D) get away from
E) do away with

8. We had to ---- the process of getting the deposit we'd paid back and that took a lot of time

- A) get down B) set apart
C) go through D) keep pace
E) come along

9. They didn't have enough people sign up for the student ski trip to Lake Tahoe, so the organizers ---- the trip ----.

- A) put / out B) called / off
C) got / out D) rushed / out
E) picked / up

10. Tankut had to be ---- when his company reduced the number of the staff at marketing division.

- A) laid off B) lived on
C) laughed off D) turned off
E) let down

NETYds

NETYds

Dialogue

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 1

1 **Jessica:** It has been a long time since you quit your job. What are you doing now?

Dane : I work in a chocolate factory. I taste the chocolate to make sure it tastes good. I also think up interesting new flavours to make.

Jessica: ----

Dane : Yes, that's right. I'm lucky to have such a great job. I really love it.

- A) You must be missing your ex-job.
- B) Don't you get fed up with eating chocolate?
- C) This is ridiculous. How could you accept such a job? I think you are joking.
- D) Sounds like a difficult job, Dane. You taste chocolate all day and get paid for it!
- E) I would like to visit you in the factory.

NETYds

2. **Norman:** We rent an apartment for \$1,500 a month.

Advisor: Fifteen hundred dollars? That's a lot of money for an apartment.....

Norman: ----

Advisor: It sounds very nice, but beautiful views don't pay the bills. You really need to find a cheaper place to live.

- A) But you know we can afford it.
- B) That's right but it is very big and practical.
- C) I know... But it's such a great apartment. It's big, and it has a beautiful view.
- D) You are right. What do you advise us?
- E) No, not really. Our main financial problem is the money we spend on holidays.

NETYds

3. **Mathew:** Did you have a good weekend?

Edward: Not really. We went skiing in Austria, but the weather was very bad. It didn't stop raining the whole time we were there.

Mathew: ----

Edward: Yeah. But the other time before I go there, I'll listen to the weather forecast.

- A) I think you deserved it.
- B) That's too bad!
- C) But you still had the chance to go on. Didn't you?
- D) I wish I was there with you.
- E) Wow, what a beautiful scene it must have been.

4. **Kate:** Look, I know we said we'd go to the theatre, but how about going to that new cinema complex? There is a great film on there. My favourite actor is starring...

Paul : ----

Kate: How did you know?

- A) Who is that?
- B) Will you tell me who your favourite actor is?
- C) Let me guess, Kevin Costner, right?
- D) Was Kevin Costner actor?
- E) Are Kevin Costner's films famous?

5. **Sally:** My mum bought the newspaper this morning and it had free tickets to the cinema.

John: Sally, why didn't you say so in the first place? Anything that is free is good, although I prefer the theatre.

Sally: ----

Jane: Come on we are going to be late.

- A) I guess Shakespeare can wait.
- B) I'm not thinking of going to the cinema.
- C) My favourite artists are Picasso and Shakespeare.
- D) Have you seen any of Picasso's paintings?
- E) I hope your mother may let us use the ticket.

Situations

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 9

1. Your friend has signed up for a folk dancing course and wants you to join him, but you think you don't have any talent in dancing. So you honestly say:

- A) Why did you register for that course? I think it is of no use.
- B) I wish I could but I have another course at the same time.
- C) I am sorry but I don't think I can afford it.
- D) That's very kind of you, but I really am rubbish.
- E) I think I need some time to think about it.

3. Ahmet and Joe want to see a film and they invite you. You want to see the film but the problem is you don't like Ahmet, so making up an excuse you say:

- A) Well, I'll come but tell Ahmet not to come.
- B) I don't think so- Ahmet's coming.
- C) If that jerk is coming, I'm not.
- D) How about doing it another day? I'm busy.
- E) Thanks for inviting me but why are you always hanging around with Ahmet? I hate him!

NETYds

4. There is a new seating arrangement at your class and you have to move to a new desk which is, unlike your former one, away from the window. You like sitting by the window and you don't like the seating arrangement; so you say to your teacher politely:

- A) I'm not sitting there. No way!
- B) Can I sit in the front row?
- C) Why am I the one who has to sit somewhere else?
- D) Is there a possibility that I can sit by the window?
- E) This desk is broken. Can we have it changed?

NETYds

2. You have been hiking with your friends and you realize that you forgot the bag in which your lunches were. You decide to hitchhike to the first coming car on the road, drive to the village and buy some food. Suddenly you see a car coming, you stop it and you say to the driver:

- A) Do you know who stole our food?
- B) Excuse me, do you have food to give us? If not, I have to drive to the next village with you.
- C) Would you mind lending me your car for an hour? We need to buy food from the next village.
- D) Can you help me? I want to rent a car to drive to the next village.
- E) Would you mind giving me a lift to the next village sir?

5. Your friend from school has invited you to a party. When you arrive, you see nobody that you know and your friend is not in sight. So, you get yourself a drink, turn to the person next to you and say:

- A) I've met you before.
- B) So, who do you know here?
- C) Do you have a boyfriend? Do you want one?
- D) Are you new to this reality? Me, too.
- E) Could I have some ice with this?

1. The Hekimbaşı Yalı at Anadoluhisarı exhibits the charming asymmetry of Ottoman architecture.

- A) Anadoluhisarı'ndaki 18. yüzyıldan kalma Hekimbaşı Yalısı, Osmanlı mimarîsinin o çok sevimli simetrisini sergiler.
- B) Anadoluhisarı'ndaki 18. yüzyıldan kalma Hekimbaşı Yalısı, Osmanlı mimarîsinin o çok sevimli simetrisini görebilirsiniz.
- C) Anadoluhisarı'ndaki 18. yüzyıllık Hekimbaşı Yalısı, Osmanlı mimarîsinin o çok sevimli asimetrisini sergiler.
- D) Anadoluhisarı'ndaki 18. yüzyıldan kalma Hekimbaşı Yalısı, Osmanlı mimarîsinin o çok sevimli asimetrisini sergiler.
- E) Anadoluhisarı Hekimbaşı Yalısı 18. yüzyıldan kalmadır ve Osmanlı mimarîsinin o çok sevimli asimetrisini sergiler.

NETYds

3. After the nesting season is over in September, robins gather in flocks and fly to warmer regions in search for food.

- A) Sürüler halinde toplanan ardıçkuşları, eylülde yavrulama mevsimi bittikten sonra yiyecek aramak için daha sıcak bölgelere uçar.
- B) Ardıçkuşları sürüler halinde toplandıktan sonra, eylüldeki yavrulama mevsiminin ardından yiyecek aramak için daha sıcak bölgelere uçar.
- C) Eylülde yavrulama mevsimi bittikten sonra, sürüler halinde toplanan ardıçkuşları yiyecek aramak için daha sıcak bölgelere uçar.
- D) Yiyecek aramak için daha sıcak bölgelere uçan ardıçkuşları, eylülde yavrulama mevsimi bittikten sonra sürüler halinde toplanır.
- E) Ardıçkuşları, eylülde yavrulama mevsimi bittikten sonra sürüler halinde toplanır ve yiyecek aramak için daha sıcak bölgelere uçar.

2. I hope to visit your country in March and to accept your cordial invitation, which you extended some time ago in this respect.

- A) Bir süre önce yaptığınız içten davetinizi ülkenizi Mart ayında ziyaret ederek bu vesile ile kabul etmeyi umuyorum.
- B) Mart ayında sizi ziyaret ettiğimde böylece bir süre önce yaptığınız içten davetinizi kabul etmeyi umuyorum.
- C) Ülkenizi Mart ayında ziyaret etmeyi ve bu vesile ile bir süre önce yaptığınız içten davetinizi kabul etmeyi umuyorum.
- D) Ülkenizi Mart ayında ziyaret ederek bir süre önce yaptığınız içten davetinizi bu vesile ile kabul etmiş olurum.
- E) Daha önce kabul edemediğim içten davetinizi ülkenizi Mart ayında ziyaret ederek telafi edeceğimi umuyorum.

NETYds

4. The five major world religions originated in Asia and have competed with each other ideologically and politically throughout their history.

- A) Beş büyük dünya dini Asya'da ortaya çıkmıştır ve tarihleri boyunca ideolojik ve politik olarak birbirleriyle rekabet etmişlerdir.
- B) Asya'da ortaya çıkan beş büyük dünya dini, tarihleri boyunca ideolojik ve politik olarak birbirleriyle rekabet etmişlerdir.
- C) Tarihleri boyunca ideolojik ve politik olarak birbirleriyle rekabet eden beş büyük dünya dini Asya'da ortaya çıkmıştır.
- D) İdeolojik ve politik açıdan tarihleri boyunca rekabet eden beş büyük dünya dini Asya'da ortaya çıkmıştır.
- E) Beş büyük dünya dini Asya'da ortaya çıkmıştır ama tarihleri boyunca ideolojik ve politik olarak birbirleriyle rekabet etmişlerdir.