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1-8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Because of the unpredictable nature of earthquakes, it is ---- possible to guess when and where they will happen.

- A) scarcely B) eventually
C) decisively D) flexibly
E) highly

2. Emotional disorders can break out when one has ---- a bad event such as an earthquake or a flood.

- A) executed B) overtaken
C) compensated D) reiterated
E) experienced

3. It was ---- that economic integration was the only practical way toward a political union that should be achieved after a long time.

- A) evident B) sincere
C) unhealthy D) intentional
E) occasional

4. But for the ---- of the World Bank, some developing countries couldn't have fulfilled some of their agricultural policies.

- A) preparation B) interruption
C) assistance D) pretension
E) disregard

5. As it became increasingly difficult to hold back the protestors, the police had to ---- supplementary forces from the headquarter.

- A) put out B) bring up
C) call for D) take off
E) send for

6. Vladimir Putin ---- confidence that the authorities ---- all the necessary and adequate measures to reliably protect the citizens against terrorist violence and extremism.

- A) expresses / have been taken
B) has expressed / will take off
C) are expressing / had taken
D) will have expressed / took
E) expressed / are going to have taken

7. Some scientists claim that they ---- a way to bring dinosaurs back to life, but this is still ----.

- A) could find / confirmed
B) need to have found / being confirmed
C) may have found / to be confirmed
D) might find / to confirm
E) should have found / confirming

8. The Egyptian Pyramids, ---- by some to have been built by extraterrestrial creatures, ---- still a mystery.

- A) believing / will be
B) being believed / were
C) to be believed / had been
D) to believe / have been
E) believed / are

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9-15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Although some of the basic ideas of mass production were first experimented ---- in Europe, it was Americans who developed the methods and technologies ---- mass production.

- A) in / on
B) by / from
C) at / for
D) with / of
E) for / in

10. The family is the natural and fundamental group unit ---- society and is entitled to protection ---- society and the State.

- A) on / in
B) in / on
C) until / to
D) inside / from
E) of / by

11. ---- the scattered oases in the western Desert and the coastal areas along the Mediterranean and the Red Sea, the Nile Valley is the only habitable area.

- A) Due to
B) On account of
C) Apart from
D) In spite of
E) As well as

12. Don't assume that young people don't read in Turkey. ----, they do, many of them voraciously.

- A) On the other hand
B) However
C) Therefore
D) On the contrary
E) Moreover

13. Overconfidence, ---- comes from underestimating one's opponents, is the cause of many unexpected defeats.

- A) what
B) whose
C) which
D) who
E) where

14. Chimpanzees reared by humans can learn forms of communication ---- complex ---- some would consider it language.

- A) such / that
B) too / that
C) as / as
D) more / than
E) so / that

15. Golden, who has authored ---- fiction and non-fiction books on race and women's issues, offers a deeply personal account of growing up as a dark-skinned black woman.

- A) every
B) some of
C) all of
D) a good deal
E) several

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16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

A Russian cargo spaceship (16) ---- food, water and essential (17) ---- overcame a docking problem on Thursday (18) ---- the International Space Station. Russian space officials said earlier that a proper seal could not be achieved (19) ---- a docking antenna had not reacted properly. At Russia's mission control at Korolyov, outside Moscow, space officials had a tense two hours as they tried to achieve (20) ---- proper seal.

16. A) to bring
B) to be brought
C) having been brought
D) being brought
E) bringing

17. A) supplies
B) conditions
C) deficits
D) agreements
E) vegetations

18. A) on
B) from
C) against
D) with
E) into

19. A) hence
B) due to
C) because
D) although
E) however

20. A) a
B) an
C) the
D) that
E) this

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **Totally devoted to his job as the manager of a design shop, ----.**

- A) the employer doesn't pay Matt as much as he deserves
B) people mostly choose him to get their houses decorated
C) Brad is known to be quite lazy in his neighbourhood
D) 45-year-old Yamaguchi works about 60 hours per week
E) he resigned because of dissatisfaction with his job

22. ---- , **which is why people can consume whatever they like in any season.**

- A) As genetic engineering has become quite popular in recent years
B) Oranges can only be raised in tropical regions with high winter temperature
C) Vegetables and fruits are grown out-of-season in Australia
D) That intensive farming methods are not common in African countries
E) If the southern part of the country gets more rain than the northern part

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23.---- that killed the president who was making his final speech from the nearby tower.

- A) It was an infamous inexperienced assassin
- B) Recently, an unexpected event has happened in the middle of the main street
- C) The most dangerous criminal who was known for horrendous murders
- D) The people who were involved in the conspiracy
- E) The reason why Arnold was arrested the other night was

26.---- can sometimes be very embarrassing.

- A) Whatever caused the police to adopt stricter measures
- B) That they have been able to persuade me take up some exercise
- C) To be able to continue your life in this very eventful world
- D) Being in an awkward position in front of other people
- E) Just as he was about to fight his closest friend for a stupid reason

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24.---- the last ever telegram was sent in 2005.

- A) It was Thomas Edison who invented
- B) Being one of the most important inventions for the communications industry
- C) Some people think it's a great shame
- D) Although, there has been more previously
- E) Having been entirely replaced by e-mail

27.The United States cabinet system has little ----.

- A) after each president, with the consent of the Senate, appoints a group of cabinet officers called secretaries
- B) in common with parliamentary systems
- C) in many other nations the term cabinet government means parliamentary government
- D) cabinet officers who are elected officials responsible for the legislative body
- E) who may dismiss them at any time

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25.Once the door of the cage was opened, ----.

- A) the zookeeper had almost been trampled
- B) you should not approach those ferocious lions
- C) everybody had flocked to the circus
- D) nothing will remain as intact as it is
- E) the fierce gorilla began chasing those who had been teasing her

28.----, which only geniuses are blessed with.

- A) Professor Albert Einstein had a brilliant mind
- B) It was Graham Bell who invented the phone
- C) Some geniuses are known to have developed schizophrenia
- D) Edison must have carried out lots of experiments before inventing the lamp
- E) However hard it looked to invent new things with such few opportunities

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Economies of scale and monocultures go hand in hand. The concept of a monoculture is that a farmer would devote most, if not all, of his arable soil to the cultivation of a single crop, be it wheat, potatoes, barley, or pasture. This, in turn, translates into a profitable economy of scale. The best way to think of this theory is to compare it to another form of mass production, like t-shirt manufacturing. It is much less expensive to produce 100 tee-shirts than it is to produce only one. Inputs like the blank shirts, the ink used for printing, and even the printer itself can be bought in bulk or only at one time, and the sunk costs would be spread out more evenly among the products, thus driving the price down. The same rule applies for farming. If only one crop is grown, there is only need for one kind of seed, one kind of machine to cultivate, one type of pesticide, and one form of fertilizer, thus making the final product much cheaper than if it were grown on a farm with lots of other crops, all requiring unique inputs.

29. According to the paragraph, the idea behind monoculture ----.

- A) is producing less in number to prevent waste
- B) contradicts the one in t-shirt manufacturing
- C) is like t-shirt manufacturing because the more you produce, the lower the cost becomes
- D) is the cultivation of different kinds of crops, such as wheat, potatoes, barley and pasture, all together in an area
- E) is cultivation of the crops by a machine in order to quit using fertilizers or farmers

30. It is stated in the passage that the concept of monoculture ----.

- A) is the farmer's devoting himself to his land
- B) is cultivating only one kind of crop on the land
- C) seems logical in theory but not in practice
- D) is planting a single crop every two years
- E) has nothing to do with farmers

31. The author points out in the passage that if a farmer is growing only one type of crop, then he is profiting from its inputs because ----.

- A) he doesn't need to pay for workers
- B) one crop requires unique inputs, not various
- C) he will not be dealing with different markets while selling it
- D) all the crops will mature at the same time
- E) he won't waste time in cultivating in different seasons

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In the middle ages, people ate very differently than they do today. Because of slow transportation and inefficient preservation techniques, food was rarely shipped across great distances, meaning that most people had to make do with what was locally available. Nonetheless, wealthy people were to some extent exempt from this, and imported spices were used extensively by the wealthy both as ingredients in food and as medicines for their ailments. People typically ate two meals a day, dinner in the middle of the day and a light supper in the evening, though most working men also had breakfast in the morning. This was done for practical reasons even though it was frowned upon by contemporary moralists. The staple foodstuff of the time was bread and other dishes made from cereals, such as porridge and pasta, were also common.

32. According to the passage, one reason imported food was rare in the middle ages was because ----.

- A) breakfast was generally not eaten
- B) moralists frowned upon imported food
- C) it was difficult to prevent food from spoiling
- D) people of the time preferred foods such as bread and porridge
- E) people disliked the taste of preserved food

33. The passage states that in the Middle Ages, breakfast was ----.

- A) considered necessary except for working men
- B) considered immoral
- C) unpopular despite encouragement from moralists
- D) only eaten when imported food was available
- E) considered a form of medicine

34. The passage in general focuses on ----.

- A) the history of food production in the middle ages
- B) the use of spices as medicine
- C) the immorality of breakfast
- D) the use of food in the middle ages
- E) early food preservation techniques

35.- 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Throughout the period we have been examining, Britain and Germany were locked in industrial competition. By 1914, both the United States and Germany were outproducing Britain in a number of areas. Yet the German challenge was, for the British, the more significant. Industrial competition with Germany helped reshape international political alliances at the end of the century. Britain became embroiled in a contest of naval superiority with Germany and determined not to become diplomatically or militarily isolated, moved to align itself with its ancient enemy France against the Germans.

35. It can be assumed from the passage that Britain changed its political alliances because ----.

- A) it was afraid of industrial competition
- B) Germany was threatening its power by building ships
- C) the British were tired of living on an island
- D) Britain and Germany never had an industrial competition
- E) it was locked in an area with Germany

36. It is stated in the passage that industrial competition ----.

- A) was more significant for Britain than Germany
- B) led the United States to outproduce Germany and Britain in many areas
- C) led to a rearrangement of friendships between countries
- D) was devastating for the French
- E) was felt only by the end of the 20th century

37. One can understand from the passage that France became allied with ----.

- A) its ancient enemy, the Germans
- B) Britain, in order to isolate Germany
- C) the United States, in order to overwhelm the British economy with overproduction
- D) Britain, although Germany wanted to become allied with France
- E) Britain, at the urging of the British

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

While folklore can contain religious or mythic elements, it equally concerns itself with the sometimes mundane traditions of everyday life. Folklore frequently ties the practical and the mysterious into one narrative package. It has often been confused with mythology and vice versa, because it has been assumed that any figurative story that does not follow the dominant beliefs of the time is not of the same status as those dominant beliefs. In this case, the term "folklore" is being used in a negative sense. That is, while the tales of Odin the Wanderer have a religious value to the Norse who created the stories, because it does not fit with Christian ideas it is not considered "religious" by Christians who may instead refer to it as "folklore."

38. According to the passage, the relationship between mythology and folklore is ----.

- A) that folklore is older than mythology
- B) folklore is religious whereas mythology is not
- C) mythology is more figurative than folklore
- D) folklore only occurs among the Norse
- E) often confused and unclear

39. As stated in the passage, religious communities may use the term "folklore" to ----.

- A) refer to their own sacred texts
- B) belittle the sacred tales of other religious groups
- C) refer to secular mythological stories
- D) refer to popular retellings of sacred texts
- E) denote a tale's place in the dominant belief structure of the time

40. We can understand from the passage that the beliefs of the Norse ----.

- A) were different to standard Christian beliefs
- B) were totally against their own folklore
- C) in general, were carried over to Christianity
- D) are still very important for various groups around the world
- E) were seldom mentioned in Norse folklore

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41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

As an animal has to walk around to find food, plants use tropisms. Plants can't change their place if they happen to start growing where conditions are not optimal. However, plants can alter their growth so they can grow into more favourable conditions. To do so, they have to detect where the conditions are better and then grow in the appropriate direction. One of the most commonly observed tropic responses in plants is phototropism, in which plant stems grow towards light. As anyone who has grown plants near a window knows, the plants tend to lean towards the window where the light is usually stronger than inside the room. Another movement is gravitropism, where a plant will grow so that it stays oriented relative to the ground. Thus, if a plant is knocked down the shoot will grow faster on the lower side until the shoot is more-or-less standing up again.

41. According to the principles stated in the passage, an example of phototropism is when ----.

- A) plants grow taller inside the house
- B) plant owners talk to their plants to make them grow
- C) bad conditions and moist weather cause problems
- D) a plant grows toward the window where light is
- E) a plant wraps itself around a stable support structure

42. The author mentions that phototropism ----.

- A) is one of the most common tropic responses
- B) only happens when a plant is knocked down
- C) helps little plants grow out of the ground
- D) is the synonym for photosynthesis
- E) can be divided into two main movements

43. Plants can alter their growth so they can ----.

- A) reach water and clean air
- B) grow out of a window and up the side of a building
- C) grow into more favourable conditions
- D) creep around to find food
- E) obtain better quality soil

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Benjamin :

- I'll have the linguine and clam sauce, please.

Waitress :

- ----

Mrs. Gultekin :

- Well I usually don't do this, but yes; please give me the seafood cocktail. And hold the calamari.

Waitress :

- Okay so that's one linguine and a seafood cocktail without the calamari.

- A) A couple of hours ago I would have said, 'a seafood cocktail,'
- B) I want the seafood cocktail. But don't bring me calamari.
- C) And for you Madam? Would you like the seafood cocktail?
- D) I can't let you have the calamari without the cocktail.
- E) You're absolutely right about the calamari. Do you like seafood.

45. Bernie :

- You listen to rap music, don't you?

Leonard :

- ----

Bernie :

- Why haven't you? Are you busy with business work?

Leonard :

- Yes, I am, as usual. The office is my home away from home.

- A) You didn't tell me you wanted a rap CD for New Year.
- B) I wouldn't change my music for anyone or anything.
- C) Of course I have; Notorious B.I.G. is my favourite.
- D) If I can finish my homework, I'll bring my CDs over.
- E) Yes; lately, though, I haven't been listening to much music.

Diğer sayfaya geçiniz.

46. Sylvia :

- Have you ever watched South Park?

Debbie :

- ----

Sylvia :

- Not really! They sometimes use the show to express political views!

Debbie :

- They do, you're right, but I hate politics.

- A) I don't believe I have; when does it come on?
- B) Yes, it's my favourite TV show of all time.
- C) I did, just the other day, for the first time.
- D) Once in a while if I can stay up late on a Sunday.
- E) Yes, but I don't like it; it's just a cartoon.

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48. Fay :

- You look pretty depressed, what's the matter ?

Craig :

- I've just come from our party's headquarters. Everyone there feels the same.

Fay :

- You must have lost the election then?

Craig :

- ----

- A) First let me say that I do believe that there was some voter fraud.
- B) Everyone expected the election to be very close.
- C) So we did. The other side won by a landslide. It's our worst defeat in ten years.
- D) Many voters believed that their vote wouldn't count or be counted.
- E) I agree that we will probably never know the exact outcome of this election.

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47. Brian :

- I can't carry this heavy jacket with me; I'll either lose it or throw it away.

Keith :

- ----

Brian :

- No, I'm not; but tell me. Is it quite cold there?

Keith :

- Well, I'll put it to you this way: There's probably snow on the ground there.

- A) That's terrible; why would you do a thing like that?
- B) Yes, of course, how silly of me not to know that!
- C) Sure, but you can't do both of them at once.
- D) Are you aware of how cold it will be in Sivas?
- E) No, thank you, but I've got a very nice jacket already.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan cümleyi bulunuz.

49. Liberty is the only thing you cannot have unless you are willing to give it to others.

- A) If you are not willing to give liberty to others you will have liberty.
- B) You can have everything but liberty by being willing to give others.
- C) The only thing that you own by giving others is liberty.
- D) You can have everything unless you are willing to give to others but liberty.
- E) Everybody can have liberty unless they don't give it to each other.

Diğer sayfaya geçiniz.

50. Fast moving cities are more stressful but tend to be more productive economically than their slower moving counterparts.

- A) Fast moving cities are not as peaceful as the slower moving ones; however, they are more productive.
- B) In comparison fast moving cities are to be more industrial than the slower towns.
- C) On one hand fast moving cities are more stressful, but on the other hand they are economically more dynamic.
- D) Regarding economic productivity fast moving cities are more likely to be industrial than the slower cities.
- E) The economic productivity is more in fast moving cities but not in slower cities that are more stressful.

51. The world we live in presents an endless variety of fascinating problems, which excite our curiosity.

- A) The endless variety of fascinating problems keeps exciting our curiosities as long as we live in this world.
- B) We are born to a world in which our curiosity is constantly excited by the infinite variety of fascinating problems.
- C) In our world there are problems that are endless but these do not stop people from being curious about why they are so fascinating.
- D) People have always been curious about the fascinating problems the world in which they live presents to them.
- E) We live in a world that offers us all kinds of interesting problems that trigger our curiosity.

52. As some cities expanded, others stagnated or declined as a result of commercial changes.

- A) The commercial changes determined whether a city would expand, stagnate or decline.
- B) The commercial changes lead to a change in the size of some cities.
- C) As a consequence of the commercial changes some cities expanded while some stayed the same and others declined.
- D) When there was a change in the commercial laws, it affected the cities both in a negative and a positive way.
- E) As some cities expanded and some declined, there was a need for commercial changes.

53. Strangely enough, many people claim that the reason they have gone bankrupt is because they are addicted to shopping.

- A) It's strange to go bankrupt after spending all your money on shopping and addictions.
- B) It's weird that many people go bankrupt claiming to have a shopping addiction.
- C) Like many other addictions, shopping can certainly harm you financially.
- D) It's not hard to break the bank in strange ways like shopping or many addictions.
- E) Many young people end up breaking the bank after claiming to be strangely addicted to shopping.

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54 - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You have gone to another country with your school for holiday. You have to find a telephone to call your parents, but you can't find any. There is a girl who has got a mobile phone that can make international calls in your group, and although you don't know her, you need to ask to use her phone because your parents are waiting for your call:

- A) Hi! You have got a mobile phone. Where did you get it from?
- B) Hello, I'm a tourist and I don't know this country at all. Can you be my guide?
- C) I'm new here. I don't know where the post office is. Can you help me to find it?
- D) Nice to meet you, too. What a nice mobile phone. I've never had a mobile phone.
- E) Hi! May I use your phone just for a minute? It's emergency. I'll pay you the cost of the call.

Diğer sayfaya geçiniz.

55. It's three o'clock in the morning on a Wednesday. One of your neighbours living across from you is having a very noisy party. You have tolerated the deafening din enough, and it is high time you went to bed. However, the party doesn't seem to be finishing any soon, so you knock on their door and request:

- A) I've been terribly patient with your noise, and I need some sleep, so will you please be quiet?
- B) I've tolerated your nonsense long enough!
- C) Some of us have jobs, you know.
- D) Stop, or else I will start throwing rocks!
- E) I've called the police. You have 5 minutes to leave.

56. You meet an American and you start talking, but he has a different accent and you have difficulty in understanding what he says; so you say politely:

- A) I don't understand a word you say. What are you talking about?
- B) You have such a funny accent. Where are you from?
- C) Could you talk a little bit slower? I can't quite get what you are saying.
- D) You are an American, aren't you?
- E) American people speak differently to British people.

57. One of your friends wants to see an exhibition in the city, but hasn't had the chance to go and see it yet. You learn that today is the last day of the exhibition. In order to do him a favour, you buy two tickets and call him and say:

- A) Guess what I did! I have tickets for the exhibition. Shall we go to it today?
- B) Do you remember the exhibition you were dreaming of going to? It's finishing today.
- C) It's a pity that you won't be able to go to the exhibition as you wanted.
- D) I have a ticket for the exhibition; I suppose some people are just luckier than others.
- E) Do you want to go to the exhibition you were talking about? I can give you my ticket if you want.

58. Later on today, you're meeting a friend whom you haven't seen for a long time and you know that he is going to expect to spend some time with you. However, you've already met up with a couple of friends and he doesn't know that there's going to be a group of people, so you decide to call him up and inform him. You say:

- A) I can't see you today; I'm busy with my other friends.
- B) It's not my style to waste time hanging out with only one person.
- C) I was planning on bringing a couple of friends; would you mind?
- D) Why don't we meet some other time when my other friends aren't here?
- E) When you meet my friends you're going to wish you never came out.

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59-63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. You are more likely to feel the cold when you are wet than when you are dry. ----. Here is the fact behind it: wetting is due to the fact that most liquid molecules have a greater attraction for solid molecules than they have for their own kind. They are attracted to the surface molecules of a solid and tend to cling to it or wet it.

- A) We are all aware that it is easier to remove dirt from clothing with water than by just rubbing or brushing it
- B) Washing dries more quickly on a sunny day than on a cloudy one
- C) But few people can say why this is so
- D) In science lessons at schools, we learn that oil floats on water
- E) Everybody knows that if he dives into a pool of water, he is sure to get wet

Diğer sayfaya geçiniz.

60.----. When an outward movement reaches its limit, it changes direction and starts to move inwards. Similarly, when an inward movement reaches its limit, it changes direction and starts to move outwards. The operation is like a pump – the human heart, for example.

- A) Understanding this idea of energy movement is important when looking at the theory behind Chinese Acupuncture
- B) Inward moving energy tends to increase activity and the other produces calm
- C) The Chinese discovered that this movement takes place around the body along 26 channels called meridians
- D) The Chinese believe that all forms of life are controlled by two basic movement of energy; one is outward moving and the other is inward moving
- E) In this theory, there is a life force, which consists of inward and outward moving energy in each person

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61 Diabetes is the most common cause of blindness among working-aged people, and all people living with the disease should monitor their eye health carefully. ----. As this damage continues, blood vessels in the retina begin to leak fluid. This, in turn, can lead to a condition known as diabetic macular edema which results in blurred vision and which may progress to blindness.

- A) Over time, diabetes can lead to diabetic retinopathy, which is damage to the blood vessels in the retina
- B) Accidents are the most common cause of blindness in young children
- C) Those who do not may be susceptible to many forms of damage
- D) This can be accomplished through regular check-ups at the dialysis centre
- E) If not, certain death may ensue

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62. At the start of the industrial revolution nearly two centuries ago, man innocently set off a gigantic experiment in planetary engineering. ----. Today, the possible outcome is alarmingly clear, but the experiment is unstoppable. Within the lifetimes of many of us, the earth may become warmer than it has been for a thousand years.

- A) The presence of a large domestic market should also be considered an important driver of the Industrial Revolution
- B) The period of time covered by the Industrial Revolution varies with different historians
- C) The amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere is still tiny
- D) Unaware of what he was doing, he spared no thought for the consequences
- E) Complete melting might take many centuries

63. Since the early days of civilized man, buildings have been getting higher all the time. Today, all large cities have tall buildings, either for use as offices or as flats. These are called high-rise buildings. The tallest of all, in fact, are not used for offices or for living, but are special structures for radio and television. ----.

- A) In October 1981, newspapers in the USA and the UK reported plans for a 169-storey building in Chicago
- B) The first shelter on Earth constructed by a relatively close ancestor to humans is believed to be built 500,000 years ago
- C) Some were simply inhabited caves, while others were made of dried mud or stone
- D) In these times, there were little furnishings in these homes
- E) For instance, Warsaw Radio Mast in Poland, which is 646 metres tall, is the tallest of such structures

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. The interior ministry said that Egypt had released about 900 members of the militant group.

- A) Mısır içişleri bakanlığının söylediğine göre militan grubun 900 üyesi serbest bırakılmış.
- B) İçişleri bakanlığı, Mısır'ın, militan grubun yaklaşık 900 üyesini serbest bıraktığını söyledi.
- C) Militan grubun yaklaşık 900 üyesi, Mısır içişleri bakanlığı tarafından serbest bırakıldı.
- D) İçişleri bakanlığı, Mısırlı militanların yaklaşık 900 üyesini serbest bıraktığını söyledi.
- E) Mısır'daki militan grubun 900 üyesinin serbest bırakıldığı içişleri bakanlığınca açıklandı.

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65. Life forms today have descended in unbroken continuity from the first primitive cells that arose on earth more than 3.5 billion years ago.

- A) Günümüzdeki bazı canlı çeşitlerinin, 3,5 milyar yıl önce, yeryüzünde ortaya çıkan ilk ilkel hücreden bozulmayan bir zincir şeklinde geldiğine inanılır.
- B) 3,5 milyar yıl önce yeryüzünde ortaya çıkan ilk ilkel hücre, günümüze bozulmadan gelmiştir ve canlı çeşitleri bir zincir şeklini almıştır.
- C) Şimdiki canlı çeşitleri, 3,5 milyar yıl önce yeryüzünde ortaya çıkmış olup, ilk ilkel hücreden bozulmayan bir zincir halinde günümüze ulaşmıştır.
- D) Günümüzdeki birtakım canlı çeşitleri, yaklaşık 3,5 milyar yıl önce yeryüzünde ortaya çıkan, ilkel hücrelerden kırılmayan bir zincir halinde gelişmiştir.
- E) Günümüzdeki canlı çeşitleri, 3,5 milyar yıl önce yeryüzünde ortaya çıkan, ilk ilkel hücreden bozulmayan bir zincir şeklinde gelmiştir.

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66. Public or private pre-school programs offer activities that range from those with academic objectives to those encouraging play activities.

- A) Resmi veya özel okul öncesi programlar, akademik hedefleri olanlar ile sadece oyun etkinliklerini teşvik edenler arasında değişen etkinlikler sunmaktadır.
- B) Akademik hedefleri olan veya sadece oyun etkinliklerini teşvik eden etkinlikler sunan resmi veya özel okul öncesi programlar vardır.
- C) Resmi veya özel okul öncesi programlar tasarlanırken sadece akademik hedefler değil, oyun etkinlikleri de programlara dahil edilir.
- D) Akademik hedefleri olanlar ile sadece oyun etkinliklerini teşvik edenler arasında değişen etkinlikler hem resmi hem de özel okul öncesi programlarda sunulmaktadır.
- E) Resmi veya özel okul öncesi programlar sadece akademik hedefleri olanlar için değil, oyun etkinliklerinden hoşlananlar için de değişik etkinlikler sunuyor.

67. As long as the world lasts there will be wrongs, and if no one objected and rebelled, those wrongs would last forever.

- A) Dünya devam ettiği sürece haksızlıklar olacaktır ve eğer kimse karşı çıkıp baş kaldırmazsa bu haksızlıklar sonsuza dek devam edecektir.
- B) Dünya sonsuza değin devam etse bile haksızlıklar olacaktır çünkü kimse bu haksızlıkların sona ermesi için karşı çıkıp baş kaldırmıyor.
- C) Kimse karşı çıkıp baş kaldırmadığı için böyle haksızlıklar olacaktır ve dünya döndükçe de olamaya devam edecektir.
- D) Dünya devam ettiği sürece kimsenin karşı çıkıp baş kaldırmaması yüzünden bu haksızlıklar sonsuza dek devam edecektir.
- E) Dünya devam ettiği sürece haksızlıklar olmuştur ve kimse karşı çıkıp baş kaldırmadığı için bu haksızlıklar hep devam etmiştir.

Diğer sayfaya geçiniz.

68. Health might be defined better as the ability to function effectively in complete harmony with one's environment.

- A) Sağlığın en iyi tanımı, kişinin çevresiyle tam bir uyum içinde etkili bir şekilde işlev görme yeteneği biçiminde yapılabilir.
- B) Sağlık, bir kişinin çevresiyle hem uyumlu hem de etkili bir şekilde işlev görme yeteneğine sahip olması anlamına gelir.
- C) Sağlıklı diye tanımlayabilmemiz için bir kişinin çevresiyle tam bir uyum içinde, etkili bir şekilde işlev görme yeteneğine sahip olması gerekir.
- D) Sağlıklı kişiler, çevreleriyle tam bir uyum içinde, etkili bir şekilde işlev görme yeteneğine sahip olan kişiler olarak da tanımlanabilir.
- E) Sağlık, tam olarak kişinin çevresiyle tam bir uyum içinde etkili bir şekilde işlev görme yeteneği olarak tanımlanabilir.

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69. In August 2004, thousands of geologists from all over the world gathered in order to share recent developments in geology at the International Geology Congress in Florence.

- A) Ağustos 2004'te dünyanın her yerinden binlerce jeolog, Floransa'daki Uluslararası Jeoloji Kongresi'nde toplanarak yer bilimdeki son gelişmeleri paylaştı.
- B) Yer bilimdeki son gelişmeleri paylaşmak için dünyanın her yerinden gelen binlerce jeolog, Ağustos 2004'teki Floransa'daki Uluslararası Jeoloji Kongresi'nde toplanacaktı.
- C) Ağustos 2004'te dünyanın her yerinden binlerce jeolog, yer bilimdeki son gelişmeleri paylaşmak için Floransa'daki Uluslararası Jeoloji Kongresi'nde toplandı.
- D) Ağustos 2004'te dünyanın her yerinden binlerce jeolog, yer bilimdeki son gelişmeleri paylaşmak için Floransa'daki Uluslararası Jeoloji Kongresi'ni topladı.
- E) Ağustos 2004'te Floransa'daki Uluslararası Jeoloji Kongresi'ne dünyanın her yerinden katılan binlerce jeolog, yer bilimdeki son gelişmeleri paylaştı.

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70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Eski İsveç Başbakanı Olaf Palme'yi kim öldürdüyse, iyi yetiştirilmiş bir terörist olmalı.

- A) The person who killed Olaf Palme, the former Prime Minister of Sweden, was a professional terrorist.
- B) According to newspaper reports, Sweden's former Prime Minister Olaf Palme was killed by some notorious terrorists.
- C) Some well instructed terrorists were supposed to have killed Sweden's late Prime Minister Olaf Palme.
- D) Whoever killed Olaf Palme, the former Prime Minister of Sweden, must have been a well trained terrorist.
- E) Olaf Palme, the former Prime Minister of Sweden, must have been assassinated by a well trained terrorist.

71. Bu hikayede vurgulanan nokta, kişinin, hayatını bir başkası için feda etmemesi gerektiğidir.

- A) As the gist of this story suggests, one mustn't give up on his own life for the sake of another's.
- B) We mustn't kill ourselves so that others can survive is what this story emphasizes.
- C) That one shouldn't sacrifice his life for another's is the point that this story emphasizes.
- D) The point made in this story is that one shouldn't sacrifice his life for another.
- E) The gist of this story is that you mustn't make sacrifices for another person.

Diğer sayfaya geçiniz.

72. Böyle bir davranışın kabul edilebilirliği ve arzu edilebilirliği konusunda çok farklı görüşler bulunmaktadır.

- A) There are different views about whether such behaviour should be accepted or desired.
- B) Such behaviour should be discussed in detail as to whether it should be accepted or not.
- C) There are widely differing views regarding the acceptability and desirability of such behaviour.
- D) Various views on the acceptability and desirability of such behaviour are available in all walks of life.
- E) Every individual thinks differently about such behaviour concerning its acceptability and desirability.

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74. Birleşmiş Milletler ve gelişmiş Batı ülkelerinin çabalarıyla Sovyetlerin geliştirmekte olan ülkeler üzerindeki etkisi azaltılmıştır.

- A) Without the efforts of the UN and western developed countries, Soviet influence over developing countries wouldn't have been reduced.
- B) Thanks to the help of the UN and western developed countries, Soviet influence over developing countries has been reduced.
- C) The efforts of the UN and western developed countries were the reasons why Soviet influence over developing countries has been reduced.
- D) Soviet influence over developing countries has been reduced only with the efforts of the UN and western developed countries
- E) With the efforts of the UN and western developed countries, Soviet influence over developing countries has been reduced.

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73. Gobi çölü, hiçbir insan veya hayvan yaşamının var olmadığı yaygın çöl imajından farklıdır.

- A) The Gobi desert is different from other deserts in terms of the fact that no human or animal life exists.
- B) The Gobi desert, where there is no sign of human or animal life, has a common image that is different from other deserts.
- C) The Gobi desert is different from other deserts in that there is no human or animal life here.
- D) The notion that Gobi, where no human or animal life exists, is a different desert is common.
- E) The Gobi desert is different from the widespread notion of a desert where no human or animal life exists.

75. Alaska Eyaleti toprakları, 1867'de Rusya'dan satın alındığında, yaklaşık 7 milyon dolara mal olmuştu.

- A) The State of Alaska had bought land from Russia and it had cost approximately seven million dollars in 1867.
- B) The lands of the State of Alaska had been purchased from Russia in 1867 for seven million dollars.
- C) The lands of the State of Alaska was purchased from Russia in 1867 and USA paid seven million dollars for it.
- D) The lands of the State of Alaska had cost approximately 7 million dollars when it had been purchased from Russia in 1867.
- E) Upon purchase of the Lands of the State of Alaska in 1867 USA offered approximately seven million dollars to Russia being cost of it.

Diğer sayfaya geçiniz.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76.(I) The earliest Japanese animation was by individual film hobbyists inspired by American and European pioneer animators. (II) The first three Japanese cartoons were one-reelers of one-to-five minutes each, in 1917. (III) Animation of the 1920s ran from one-to-three reels. (IV) A few were imitations of foreign cartoons, such as the Felix the Cat series, but most were dramatizations of Oriental folk tales in traditional Japanese art styles. (V) Felix the cat was a popular cartoon series from Germany later remade by American R. Crumb.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Food-borne bacteria causes 9,000 yearly deaths in the U.S. (II) Infecting mainly through the livestock and poultry industries, these types of illnesses have resulted in notable outbreaks in recent history. (III) The plague, spread by rats and mice, caused the death of half of the population of Europe during the Dark Ages. (IV) As recently as this month, mad cow disease was diagnosed here in the States. (V) One cause of these bacteria has been attributed to the industrial method of farming livestock in places dubbed "animal factories."

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78 (I) While Botox is potent medicine in a high concentration, it is used in very small quantities with high margins of safety. (II) After this, its first effects are not seen for twenty-four hours and the complete effect on the muscle may not be seen up to one week. (III) Fifty units or less of Botox per session is generally used. (IV) To have toxic effects on a patient, over 2,000 units would have to be injected at one time. (V) Botox effects are attracted only to muscles and have no effect on the central nervous system or on the body if injected accidentally into a nerve or blood vessel.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79.(I) Yeast is used in winemaking where it converts the sugars present in grape juice or must into alcohol. (II) It is normally already invisibly present on the grapes. (III) The fermentation can be done with this endogenous (or wild) yeast; however, this may give unpredictable results depending on the exact types of yeast species that are present. (IV) Wine grapes grow almost exclusively between thirty and fifty degrees north or south of the equator. (V) For this reason a pure yeast culture is generally added to the must, which rapidly predominates the fermentation as it proceeds.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) When Wilbur and Orville Wright mastered the secret of flight, they did not try to imitate the flight of birds but they built a machine for flying. (II) That is exactly what an airplane is, a flying machine. (III) An airplane is heavier than air and yet it flies. (IV) It does this by propelling itself through the air and by supporting itself on wings so shaped that the air flowing over them gives them lift. (V) On the other hand, the helicopter is one member of the versatile family of airplanes.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

**SINAV BİTTİ.
CEVAPLARINIZI KONTROL EDİNİZ.**

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