

Reading
Comprehension
Paragraph
Studies

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Test Prep

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NETyds

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Bu kitap Hazırlanırken “Intermediate ve üstü düzeyler” hedef alınmıştır. İlk bölümde, okuma parçalarında ki bazı sözcüklerin “Türkçe” karşılıkları verilmiş, daha sonra “True-False” sorularla okuma parçasının detaylı çalışılması amaçlanmıştır. İlk bölüm okuma parçalarının belli bölümünde “açık uçlu” ve yeni soru türlerini dikkate alan çalışmalar yapılmıştır. Kitabın ikinci bölümü ise, daha çok, soru bankası özellikli okuma parçaları içermektedir. Umuyoruz ki bu yayın ve diğerleri çalışmalarınızda sizlere yardımcı olacaktır.

Başarılar

Aşağıda verilen alıştırımları okuma parçasına göre cevaplayınız

It is essential to **educate** the general public about potential safety **hazards** and the need to behave responsibly and safely. One of the most effective ways to reach the general public is through the news media newspapers, magazines, radio stations, and television stations. Often private groups such as the National Safety **Council** in the U.S.A. **approach** the news media and request help in informing people about accident statistics, potential hazards, and safety **measures**. Sometimes government agencies **issue** reports to educate the public, and sometimes schools and community leaders work together to try to make changes or increase public **awareness**. Certain times of the year create the need for different types of educational advertising, for instance in the U.K. around the time of the Christmas and New Year festivities there are many campaigns **warning** of the dangers of drinking alcohol and driving. Before Guy Fawkes night, a night when people in the U.K. have bomb fires and **let off** fireworks, children are warned of the dangers of playing with fireworks.

Aşağıdaki sözcüklerin Türkçe karşılıklarını çalışınız.

educate	: öğretmek/eğitmek, eğitim vermek
hazard	: tehlike, risk
council	: meclis, encümen, divan, konsey
approach	: yaklaşım, yaklaşma, yakına gelme
measure	: önlem, tedbir, ölçü, ölçüm, hesaplama
issue	: konu, mevzu, baskı, sayı, nüsha
awareness	: farkındalık, bilinçlenme, bilinç
warning	: uyarı, ikaz, alarm
let off	: cezalandırmamak; başışlamak

Yukarıdaki parçaya göre aşağıdaki cümlelerin "TRUE" mu (T) yoksa "FALSE" mu (F) olduğunu bulunuz.

1. Christmas and New Year festivities are the quietest times of the year so no extra activity is needed. T/F
2. Before Christmas especially children are warned not to play with fireworks T/F
3. There are some institutions informing and educating people about the issue . T/F
4. Public should be educated about the possible dangers and the way they should behave. T/F

5. It is clear in the passage that, in the U.K., drinking alcohol and driving is a serious problem ----.

- A) when there has been an increase in adverts warning of the dangers
- B) around the time of the Guy Fawkes celebrations, when people let off fireworks
- C) after the New Year, when there are less adverts advertising the dangers
- D) around the end of the year because of the festivities that take place
- E) at certain times of year, although the government does nothing to prevent this

6. The author makes the point that the media has an important role in ----.

- A) compiling statistics about accidents for officials
- B) informing people about the work that community leaders do
- C) encouraging people to act safely and be aware of the hazards of everyday life
- D) influencing people to break the law and put themselves in danger
- E) advertising upcoming festivals such as Christmas and Guy Fawkes night

7. We can assume from the passage that a government may use the media because ----.

- A) it is an easy way to communicate with a large section of the public
- B) in most countries the government has full and absolute control over the media
- C) children never listen to what they are told not to do
- D) it is very cheap to advertise on the television and on the radio
- E) most politicians actually want to become television stars

8. What can be informed from the passage?

- A) The first and only thing to sort out the safety problem is to educate the general public.
- B) The role of media is limited to the advertisements.
- C) Children are highly educated about the safety risk as they attend to schools.
- D) Education people is the best approach when handling the potential hazards.
- E) The risk of hazards declines during the special occasions as people are warned

PASSAGE 4

READING COMPREHENSION

Aşağıda verilen alıştırımları okuma parçasına göre cevaplayınız

An **apprenticeship** is the system of learning the skills of a **craft** or trade from experts in the field by working with them for a set period of time. The apprenticeship system was used extensively by the craft **guilds** in the Middle Ages. It continued to be important in learning a trade until the Industrial Revolution in the 18th century, after which it was largely replaced by the factory system. **Revived** in the 20th century, the apprenticeship has been used in the United States by industries that **require** highly skilled workers. Universities use a form of apprenticeship to produce academicians. Students are required to study for a **predetermined** amount of time before getting a bachelor's degree. Bachelors are promoted to masters. Then, they produce a thesis with the help of a supervisor. If you choose to do a taught masters, it will be similar to an undergraduate course but do not expect it to be exactly the same. There is far more **reliance** on independent study, and the freedom of topic choice can often seem **overwhelming**. Finally the student has to reach the standard of a doctorate.

Aşağıdaki sözcüklerin Türkçe karşılıklarını çalışınız.

apprenticeship :çıraklık
craft :zanaat, al sanatı, beceri
guilds :dernek,esnaf birliği,meslek kuruluşu
revive :hayat vermek, eski bir şeyi canlandırma
require :istemek, gerekmek; gereksinim duymak
predetermined :önceden saptanmış/kararlaştırılmış
promoted :reklâmını yapmak, tanıtmak,terfi ettirmek
reliance :birine/bir şeye bağlılık/güven
overwhelming. :ezici, üstün, karşı konulamayan

Yukarıdaki parçaya göre aşağıdaki cümlelerin "TRUE" mu (T) yoksa "FALSE" mu (F) olduğunu bulunuz.

1. Apprenticeship is the art of teaching an assitant to learn the way of doing a certain job T/F
2. Industrial revolution became a turning point for the apprenticeship and it was replaced by another system. T/F
3. Producing academicians is a kind of an apprenticeship system that requires experts. T/F
4. Study which is done for taught masters is almost the same an undergraduate study. T/F

5. We understand from the passage that in order to reach the standard of doctorate, one must first have obtained a master's degree ----.

- A) but the doctorate degree is much more difficult to obtain
- B) in order to prove that he likes learning complicated things
- C) and before this, one must already have a bachelor's degree
- D) and this takes much longer to obtain than a bachelor's degree
- E) however, this changed after the eighteenth century

6. From the passage, it is obvious that the apprenticeship system resembles the system in Universities ----.

- A) because craftsmen had to learn how to read
- B) much more closely than the form used by industries in the 20th century
- C) except that in the Middle Ages, the doctoral degree was easier to get
- D) since the student or worker had to stay with the program for a set amount of time
- E) which is why most university graduates are very successful

7. According to the passage, apprenticeships continued to be important until the industrial revolution ----.

- A) because it wasn't as good as computer training systems
- B) when the system was discontinued permanently
- C) at which point everyone stopped using the system
- D) which made apprenticeships completely unnecessary
- E) and then most people started using the factory system

8. What can be informed from the passage?

- A) Apprenticeship and academic studies are the same and require the same length of process.
- B) Wherever there is an academic study, there is a master apprenticeship relation there.
- C) Getting to learn and becoming an expert on something requires training and assistance.
- D) All kinds of academic studies have the same curriculum and require the same lenght of time.
- E) The more an apprentice focuses on his job the more he learns.

PASSAGE 36

READING COMPREHENSION

Aşağıda verilen alıştırılmaları okuma parçasına göre cevaplayınız

Leukaemia strikes people of both sexes and all ages, but is twice as common in males than in females. About 25,000 Americans develop it annually; nine of every ten are adults. More than half of all leukemic patients are older than 60 years old. ALL is the type of leukemia found in a large **majority** of affected children. In adults, the most common **ones** are AML and CLL. CML is the least common type of leukaemia in any age group. In the late 1990s, leukaemia accounted for about 16,000 deaths each year. Because ALL is the deadliest type of leukaemia, children are more likely than adults to die from **it**. In fact, no other disease is responsible for more child deaths in the United States. What actually causes the developing white blood cells to change so **drastically** is not clear. Some researchers suspect that viruses, radiation, or chemicals in the environment such as benzene might account for some cases of leukaemia. The disease runs in some families, and occurs unexpectedly often in persons with certain conditions such as Down syndrome. Some of the drugs used to treat other forms of cancer may themselves produce it.

- In line 7 'ones' refers to ----.
A) patients
B) females
C) children
D) types of leukaemia
- In line 12 'it' refers to ----.
A) CLL
B) ALL
C) children
D) adults
- Which is an *antonym* of the word 'majority' in line 6?
A) minority
B) bulk
C) gap
D) mass
- Which is an *antonym* of the word 'drastically' in line 15?
A) significantly
B) patiently
C) slightly
D) generally

Yukarıdaki parçaya göre aşağıdaki cümlelerin "TRUE" mu (T) yoksa "FALSE" mi (F) olduğunu bulunuz.

- CML is the most commonly experienced type of the leukaemia. T/F
- Some drugs especially of cancer drugs may cause leukaemia. T/F
- About nine out of ten adults develop leukaemia. T/F

8. According to the passage, leukaemia ----.

- A) is a hereditary disease inherited from the male members of the family
- B) affects more males than females
- C) has been the disease most responsible for adult deaths
- D) is the least common disease seen in adults
- E) is widely seen in children as the commonest type CLL

9. We learn from the passage that ALL ----.

- A) is the most common type of leukaemia common among the females
- B) is the deadliest type of leukaemia which is so common among the children
- C) is the most common type seen in adults
- D) is a result of radiation, while other types are consequences of chemicals like benzene
- E) is a type of leukaemia only seen in females when they are pregnant

10. As it is stated in the passage, leukaemia patients ----.

- A) are normally people who have been in constant contact with chemicals
- B) claim that leukaemia is inherited and might not be cured
- C) are usually treated with radiation and benzene
- D) are generally adults, more than a half of whom are above the age 60
- E) know the reason for their illness as much as the professionals

11. What can be informed from the Passage?

- A) The main reason of the illness could be anything as a definite cause hasn't been identified.
- B) We could say that drugs used for cancer treatment is the main cause of leukaemia.
- C) Mainly the adults are the ones directly affected from it as children overcome it easily.
- D) The deadliest type is the AML and it is common among the children.
- E) The highest death rate is in America as there isn't any measures taken by the government.

1-4. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Cruising has become a major part of the tourism industry, with hundreds of thousands of passengers each year. Present-day cruise ships are organized much like floating hotels, with a complete "hospitality staff" in addition to the usual ship's crew. It is not uncommon for the most luxurious ships to have more crew than passengers. The advantage of holidaying upon a cruise ship is that you can travel to many different places without the inconvenience of flying. Whilst going in between destinations passengers can relax in their own rooms, sunbathe on deck, eat well, and even be entertained. It is these luxuries that add to the expense of cruise ships, and many people save for years to be able to afford such a holiday. The number of cruise tourists worldwide in 2015 was estimated at some 14 million. The main region for cruising was North America (70% of cruises). The second most popular region was continental Europe (13%), where the fastest growing segment is cruises in the Baltic Sea. According to a statistics, the Mediterranean cruise market is going through a fast and fundamental change; Italy has won prime position as a destination for European cruises, and destination for the whole of the Mediterranean basin.

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1. The passage suggests that one reason a cruise ship is better than plane is ----.

- A) aeroplanes are not as safe as cruise ships
- B) cruise ships are more comfortable than aeroplanes
- C) you can go to more destinations by plane than cruise ship
- D) cruise ships get passengers to their destination much faster than planes
- E) a cruise ship is much more expensive than a plane

2. The passage makes the interesting point that some ships are so luxurious that ----.

- A) people have stopped using aeroplanes altogether
- B) there is too much hospitality staff aboard
- C) they carry over a hundred thousand passengers each year
- D) passengers do not have to do anything for themselves at all
- E) the number of crew members is actually larger than the number of passengers

3. From the information given in the passage we can assume that a cruise ----.

- A) is a very common type of holiday for people of all income brackets
- B) can only be afforded by the richest parts of society
- C) is not the kind of holiday that one might decide to go on at the last minute
- D) is the only kind of holiday where you go to more than one different country
- E) is the best way to experience different cultures first hand

4. According to the passage ----.

- A) more than half of the cruises are organized in America
- B) the number of people who want to go on a cruise is becoming less
- C) the cruise ship can go to so many different places
- D) the hotels people stay in while taking a cruise are expensive
- E) only old people who have saved up a lot of money ever go on them

1-4. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Musical instruments have played an important role in the military of many cultures for thousands of years. In Euro-American culture, drums ordered the daily lives of the average soldiers, providing tempo for marching and signals for battle, as well as marking routine activities such as meal and bed time. The drum most associated with the military was a snare drum. Known as a side drum because it hangs on a sling at the player's side, the cylindrical instrument has two skin heads: the batter head, which the drummer beats with two sticks, and the snare head, so named for the gut twine that when placed against the head gives the instrument its characteristic "buzzy" sound. The side drum is first known to have existed in Switzerland, perhaps as early as the fourteenth century, and was soon found throughout Europe. In art, the side drum is often depicted with other military equipment, as a symbol of war.

The side drum could be played alone or with a fife. The fife is a small flute that provided melodic tunes to accompany the rhythmic signals and tempo of the drum. The fife was usually made of a single piece of wood, with six finger holes that could provide for a diatonic scale. The traditional pairing of the drum and fife developed from the medieval practice of a single player performing on a small drum and pipe to accompany dances.

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1. It is clear from the passage that ----.

- A) the side drum evolved into the snare drum through out the history
- B) musical instruments are most important in the military of European cultures
- C) the snare drum has been used by many cultures for thousands of years
- D) drums in the military are unique to Euro-American culture
- E) using musical instruments in the military is a very old tradition

2. According to the passage, the snare head ----.

- A) is the top of two heads of a snare drum used in case of wars
- B) is a cylindrical instrument tied with leather threads
- C) is what the drummer beats with a number of the sticks
- D) is partly responsible for the special sound of a snare drum
- E) marks beginning and the end of the routine activities for soldiers

3. We learn from the passage that ----.

- A) drums were used in battle to confuse the enemy
- B) a snare drum slung by the side of a soldier is called a side drum
- C) all drums are beaten with two sticks within a rhythm
- D) bugles are as popular as side drums in the American military
- E) most military drums are shaped like perfect cylinders

4. What does the writer focus on in the passage?

- A) Indicates that important daily activities are going to take place
- B) Mainly focuses on the history of the military musical instruments especially of the drum and the fife
- C) Tries to explain the helps the soldiers get via the instruments to sleep at the bed time
- D) Wants to explain how the soldiers are stopped from getting bored on drills
- E) Focuses on making people to go to war that is about to start

1-4. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Earthlings have become well acquainted with strange views of planetary surfaces made by various spacecraft over the years. Even to the casual observer these images are often recognizable as otherworldly places; they just don't seem to fit into our conceptual scheme of the landforms that ought to appear on our home world. It may come as a surprise to some, then, to see that a familiar landscape can become quite eerie when NASA takes a peek at it. In a view looking north over Manhattan Island. Central Park is evident as a green rectangular patch near the top of the image; the Hudson River is visible on the upper left, and the East River is on the upper right. The city's skyscrapers give the landscape a lumpy appearance, but the instrument's resolving power fails to distinguish individual buildings. The image was generated as part of a larger project the Shuttle Radar Topography Mission, which recently mapped 80 percent of the earth's landmass during a flight of the Space Shuttle Endeavour during its last flight. Mounds of topographic information were acquired during the mission, comparable to the holdings of the Library of Congress, and data processing won't be complete until the next few years. Ultimately, the digital maps should have a variety of civil and military applications including land-use planning, ground-proximity warning systems for aircraft, as well as model terrains for flight simulators and weapons guidance systems.

1. One can conclude from the passage that our conceptual scheme ----.

- A) of the surface of the Earth doesn't resemble images generated by NASA
- B) means to send missiles on the correct path
- C) probably means other planets which lack oxygen and water
- D) are probably packets of data
- E) was the name of the ship that originally took photos of Mars

2. The shuttle radar topography mission was meant to ----.

- A) give scientists an accurate idea of which areas contain the most people
- B) change the way we see things by showing us how beautiful the world is
- C) locate new sources of petroleum and crude oil
- D) create digitally assembled topographic maps for civilian and military use
- E) show the world how easy it is to destroy enemies living in foreign countries

3. The area of land that makes up the Earth's crust is called ----.

- A) the otherworldly surface
- B) the landmass
- C) a weapons guiding system
- D) resolving power
- E) the conceptual scheme

4. What can be informed from the passage?

- A) An Internet program to teach people about geography isn't mentioned among the applications
- B) Topography is a program that tells you how close you are to the ground
- C) Various spacecraft are used to send missiles on a correct path
- D) Shuttle topography mission is the work on a given area of farming land with maximal efficiency
- E) Applications do not include a reproduction of the land for practicing pilots

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